

Recent Advances on Foundations of Program Obfuscation

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UW

Recent Advances

Based on works [Agr18] [AJS18] **[LM18]**
+ follow-ups [JLMS19] [JLS19]



Shweta
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Prabhanjan
Ananth



Aayush Jain

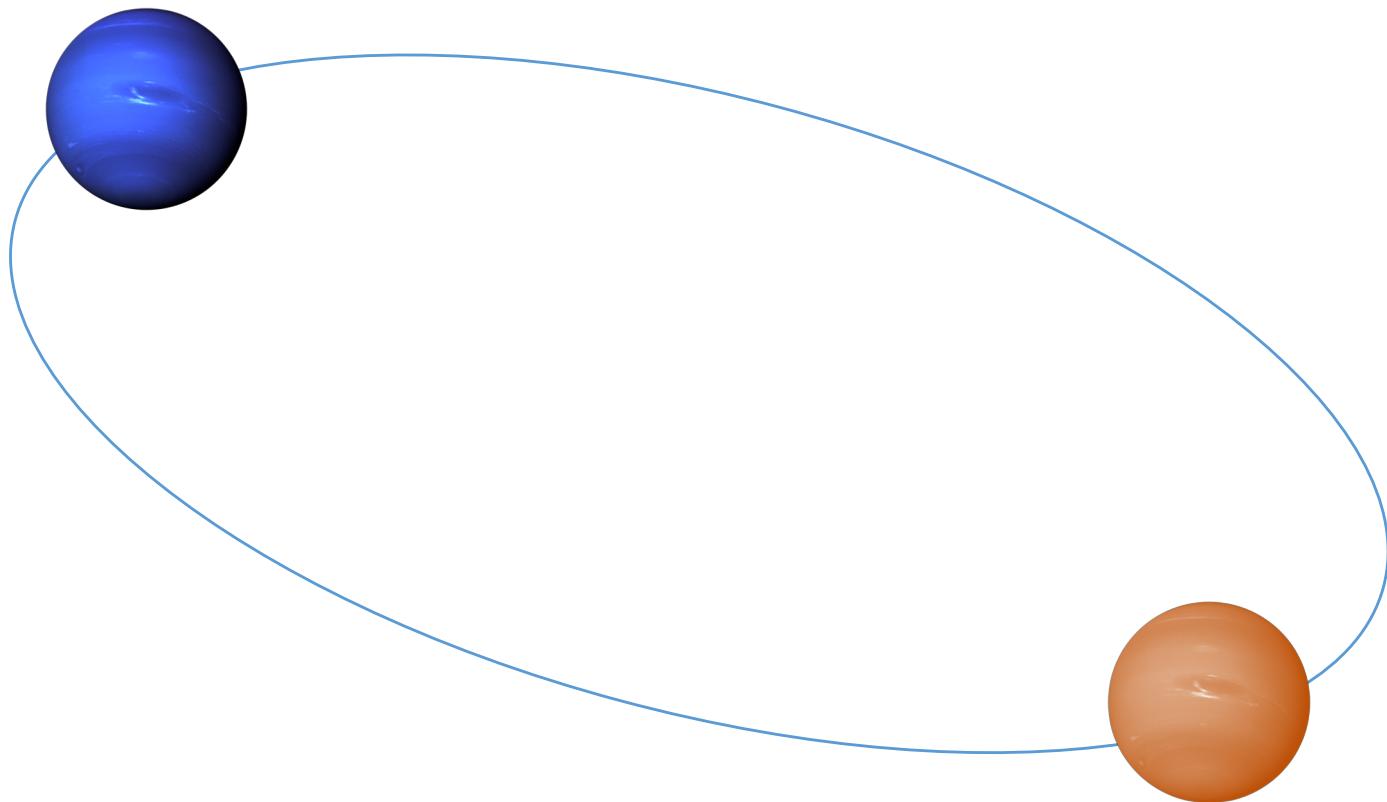


Christian
Matt



Amit Sahai

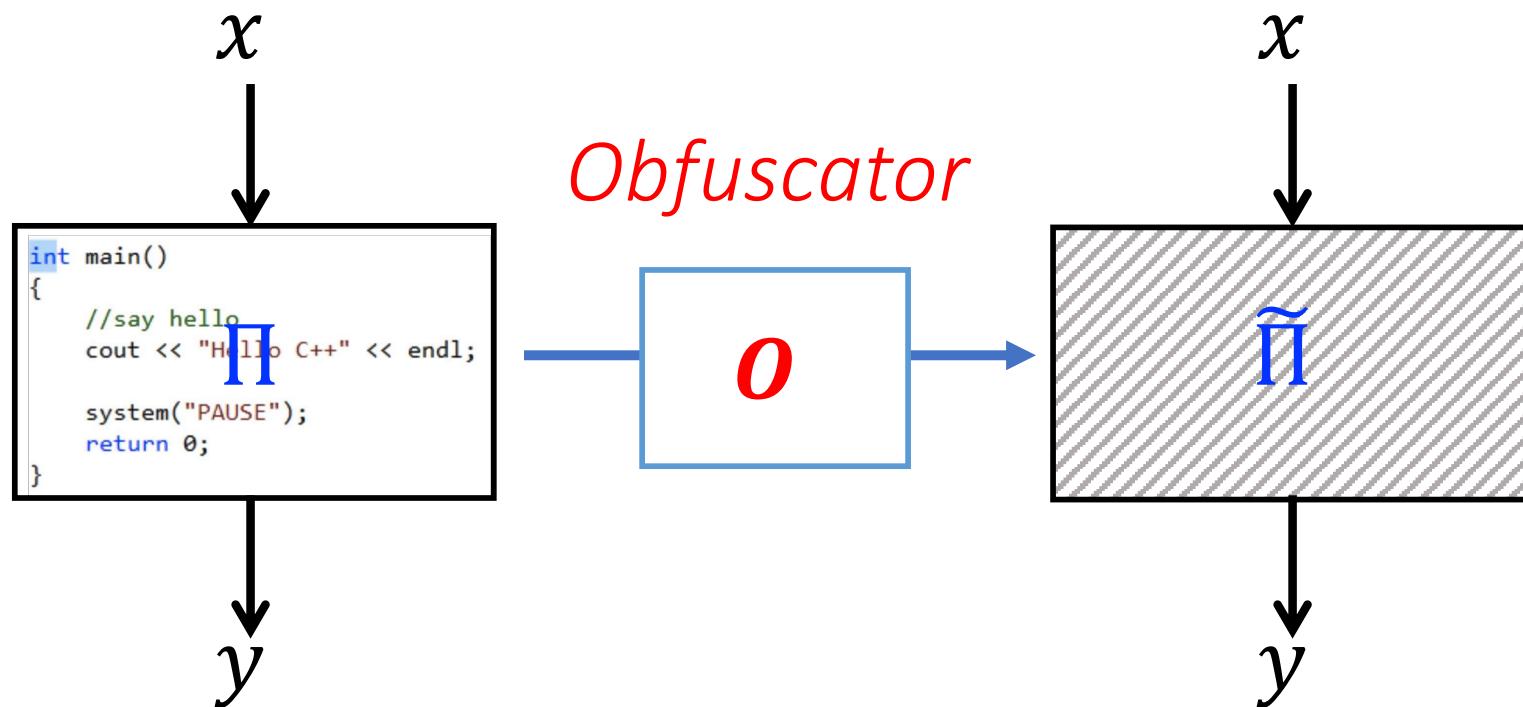
Program Obfuscation



Simple and Weak
Pseudo Randomness Generators
+ LWE + Bilinear Maps

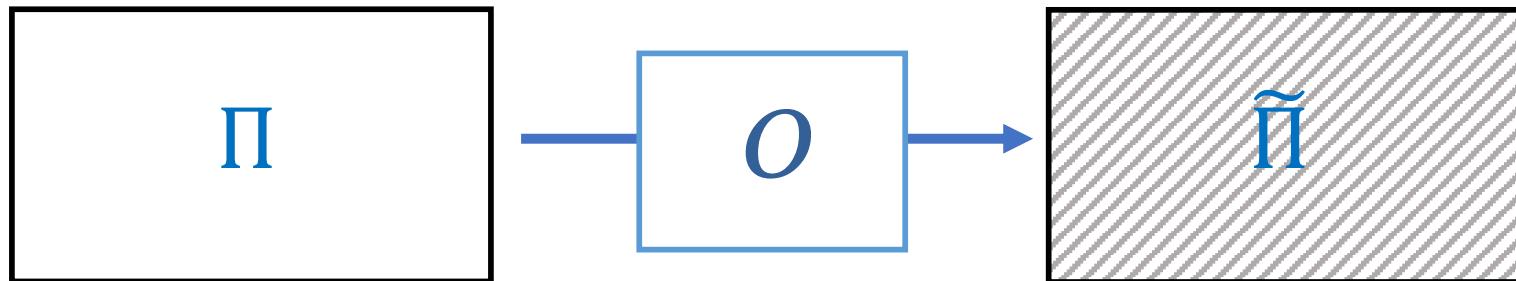
Program Obfuscation

Goal: **Efficiently** transform a program into one that
is functionally equivalent & unintelligible

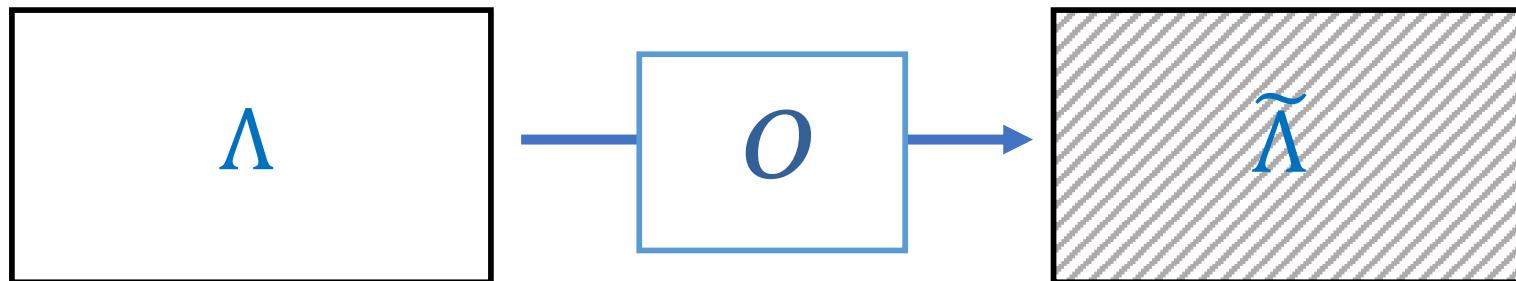


Mildly Blow-up in Size

Indistinguishability Obfuscation (IO) [BGIRSVY01]



\equiv Compute the same function



\approx Hard to distinguish

Hide implementation difference

No general impossibility

Classical Crypto

Short signature

Trapdoor permutation

Public key encryption

Identity-Based Encryption

Attribute-Based Encryption

Fully Homomorphic Encryption

Multiparty Computation

(Non-Interactive) Zero-Knowledge

Powerful Abstraction

Correlation Intractable Hash from LWE

Two-Round MPC from 2-rnd OT

10 +
minimal crypto
(e.g., OWFs)

New Crypto

Functional Encryption

Witness Encryption

(Doubly) Deniable Encryption

Hardness of Finding Nash

Correlation Intractable Hash

Secret Sharing for NP

Multi-Party Non-Interactive Key Exchange

OWF with poly hard core bits

Succinct Garbled RAM

Two-Round MPC

Constant Round Concurrent ZK

.....

IO?

IO from M-linear maps

- Ultimate Prize:
 IO from Bilinear Maps
- Minimizing the degree M

IO for limited class of functions
from standard assumptions

e.g., VBB for compute-&-compare from LWE
[WZ17,GKW17]

IO from new math
e.g. tensor products
[GJ18]

First Generation IO

[GGHRSW13, BR14, BGKPS14, PST14, GLSW14, AGIS14, Zim15, AB15
GMMSSZ16, DGGMM16]

M-linear map for poly M

[BS02, Rot13, GGH13]

IO resisting
Zeroizing Attacks
[GMMSSZ16, DGGMM16
CVW18]

Direct Attacks

[MSZ16, ADGM17, CGH17]

More Attacks

[Pellet-Mary18, CHKL18]

Candidates

[GGH13, CLT13,
GGH15, CLT15]

Zeroizing Attacks

[GGH13, CHL15,
GHMS14, BWZ14,
CGH15]

Other types of “simple” PRG?

Second Generation IO

[AJ15, BV15, LPST16, LPST16b, L16, LV16, AS17, L17, LT17]

3-linear map
+ “simple” PRG, block-locality 3
+ LWE

2-linear map

“super simple” PRG, block Locality 2, Impossible * [LV17, BBKK17]

*except for tiny expansion window ($n2^{b(1+\epsilon)}$)

Δ RG: Perturbation Resilient
Generators [AJS18]

PFG: Pseudo Flawed-smudging
Generators [LM18]

Third Generation IO

[Agr18, AJS18, LM18, JLMS19, JLS19]

2-linear map
+ “simple” and “weak” PRG
+ LWE

ΔRG : Perturbation Resilient
Generators [AJS18]

PFG : Pseudo Flawed-smudging
Generators [LM18]

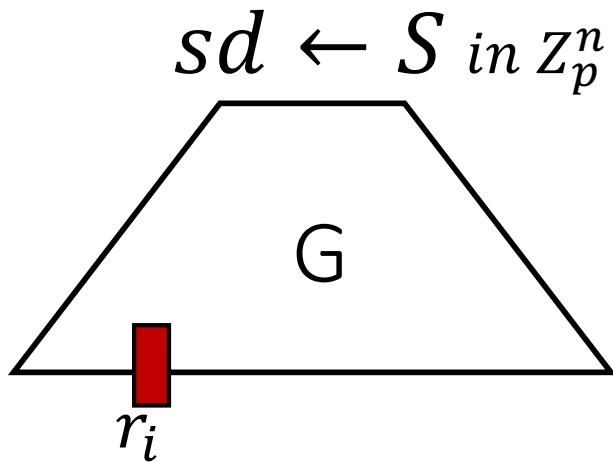
Flawed Intuition

“Simple” Deg 2 poly in \mathbb{Z}_p with small outputs

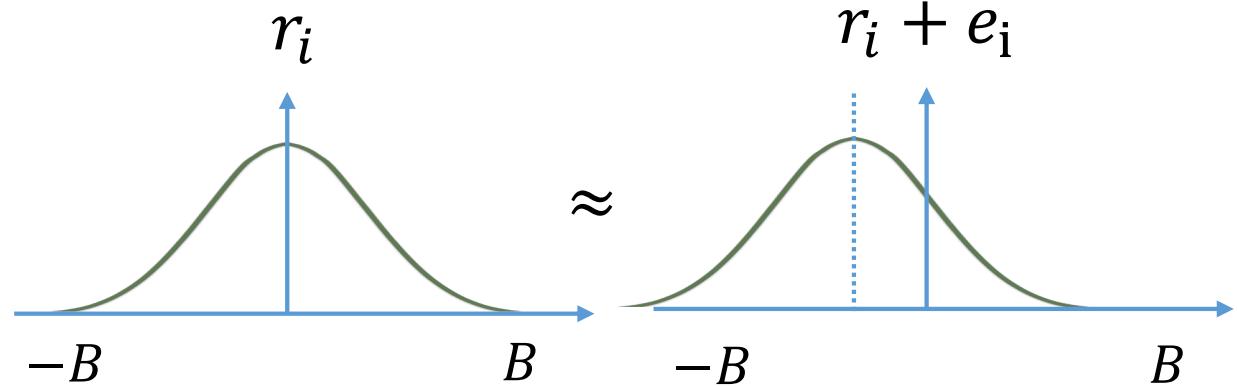
(small = poly, large = super-poly)

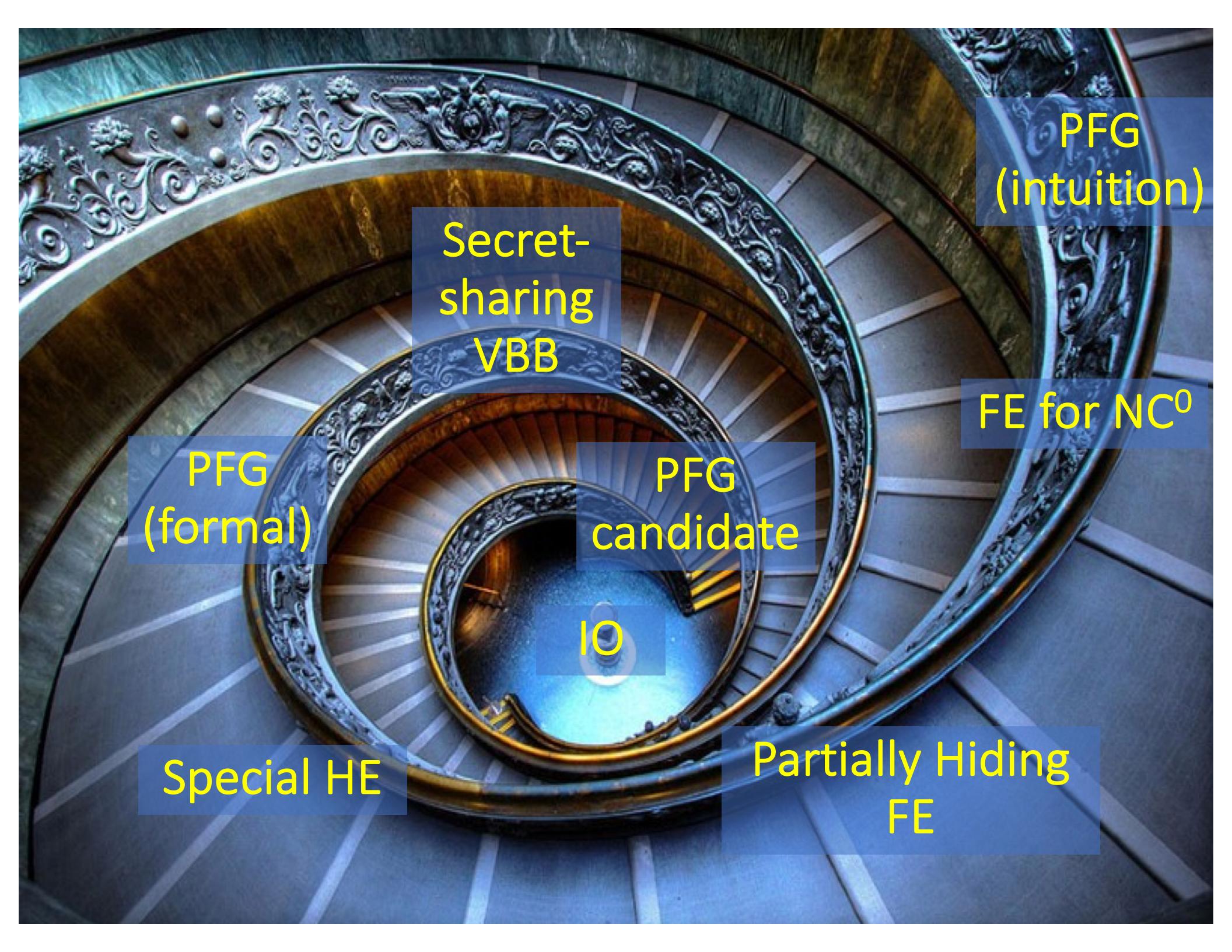
“Weak” pseudo-randomness

Outputs smudge/hide even smaller LWE noises [also in Agr18]



r in $\mathbb{Z}_p^m, m = n^{1+\epsilon}$





PFG
(formal)

Special HE

Secret-
sharing
VBB

PFG
candidate

IO

Partially Hiding
FE

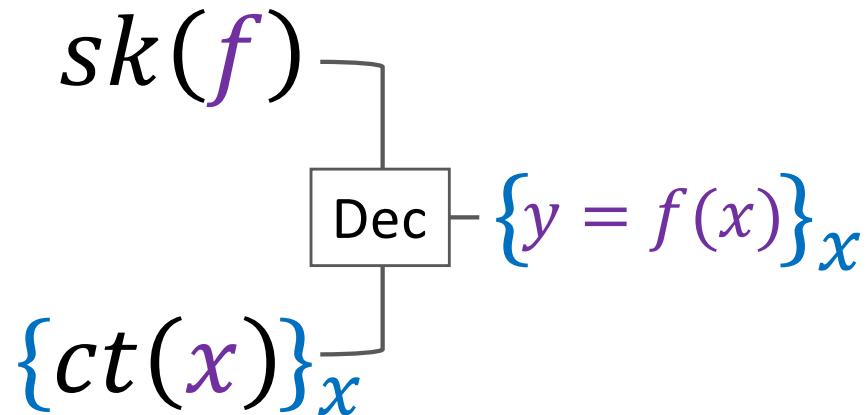
FE for NC⁰

PFG
(intuition)

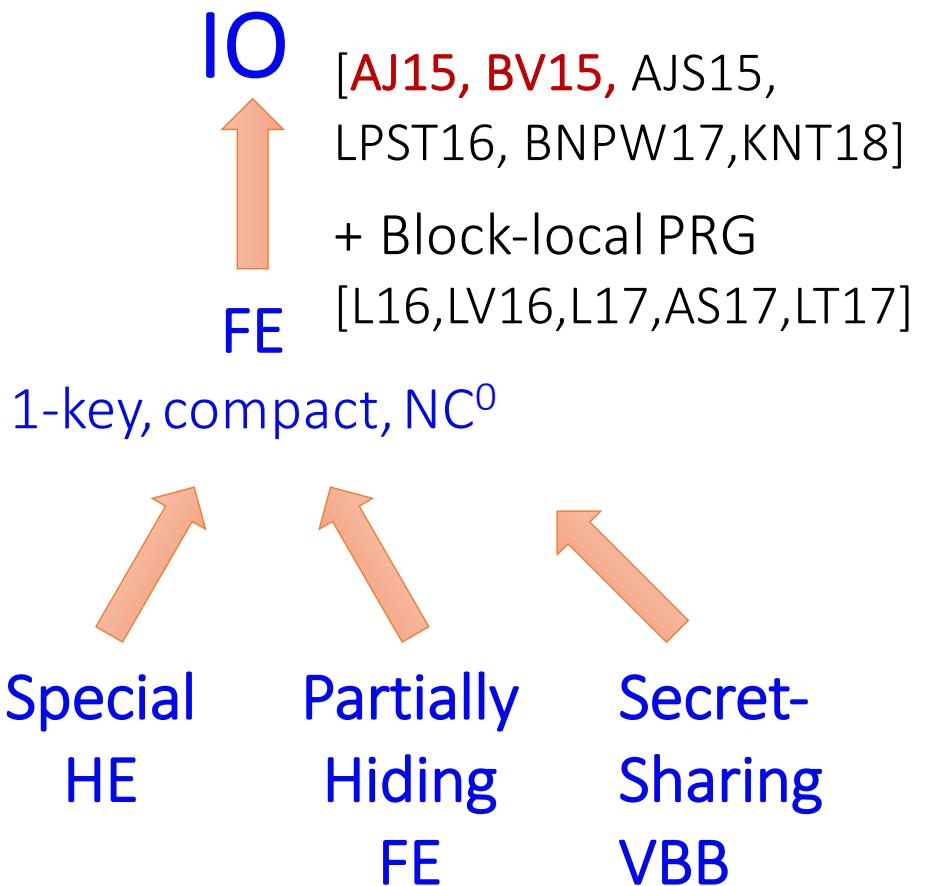
Starting Point

SK for NC⁰

single f , long-output, $\in \text{NC}^0$



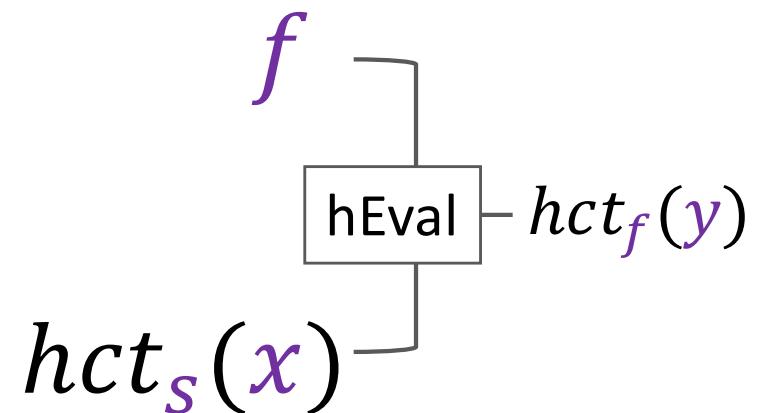
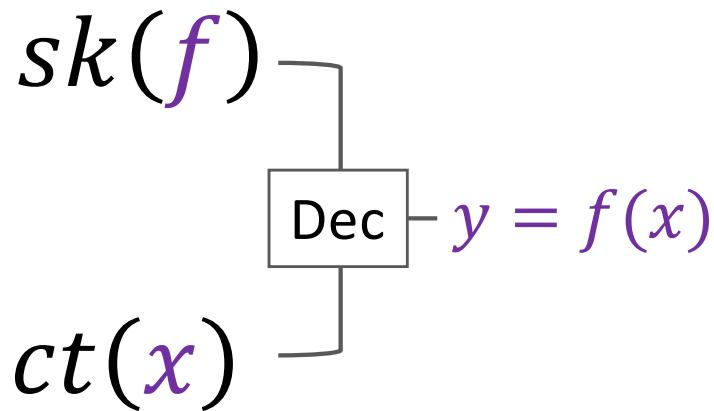
- Correctness: Reveal $\{y\}_x$
- Privacy: Reveal only $\{y\}_x$
- Compact: $|ct(x)| = \text{poly}(|x|)|f|^{1-\epsilon}$



FE for NC⁰

vs

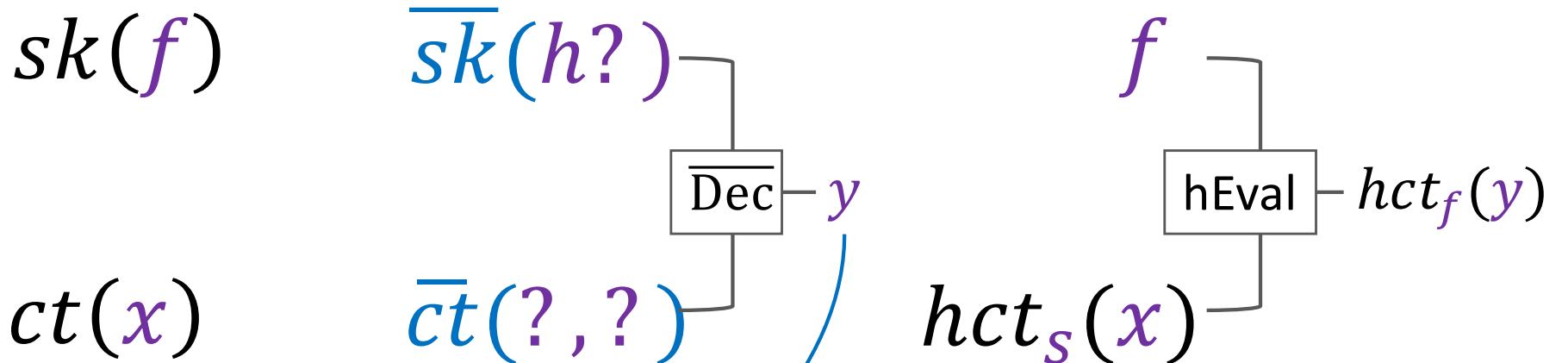
Homomorphic
Encryption



- Privacy: Reveal only y

- Privacy: Reveal nothing

Need to decrypt, privately



- Privacy: Reveal only y
- Simplicity: $f > h$

Use FE to decrypt

First Attempt

[GVW12]

FE for NC⁰

Simple $\overline{\text{FE}}$

$sk(f)$

$\overline{sk}(h)$

$ct(x)$

$\overline{ct}(hct, s)$

$hct_s(x)$

$h(hct, s)$:

1. $hct_f \leftarrow \text{hEval}(f, hct)$
2. $y = \text{hDec}(s, hct_f)$
 $= \text{LDec}(s, hct_f) \bmod 2$

- Privacy: Reveal only y
- Simplicity: $f > h$
 $\text{hDec} \in \text{NC}^1$
 $\text{hEval} > f$

FE for NC⁰

Simple $\overline{\text{FE}}$

Half Decrypt for Simplicity [GVW15]

$sk(f)$

$\overline{sk}(h)$

$h(hct, s)$:

1. $hct_f \leftarrow \text{hEval}(f, hct)$
2. $y + 2e = \text{LDec}(s, hct_f)$

$ct(x)$

$\overline{ct}(hct, s)$

$hct_s(x)$

- Privacy: Reveal only $\text{eye}(f, s, x)$



- Simplicity: $f > h$

$\text{LDec} \in \deg 2$
 $\text{hEval} > f$

PFG for Privacy

[AJS18, Agr18, LM18]

FE for NC⁰

Simple $\overline{\text{FE}}$

$sk(f)$

$\overline{sk}(h)$

$h(hct, s, sd)$:

1. $hct_f \leftarrow \text{hEval}(f, hct)$
2. $y + 2e = \text{LDec}(s, hct_f)$
3. $y + 2e + 2\text{PFG}(sd)$

$ct(x)$

$\overline{ct}(hct, s, sd)$ $hct_s(x)$

Flawed

- Privacy: ~~Reveals PFG(s) to f hides s, x~~

- Simplicity: $f > h$
 $\text{LDec} \in \deg 2$
 $\text{hEval} > f$

Simplicity, Revisited

FE for NC⁰ Simple $\overline{\text{FE}}$

$sk(f)$

$\overline{sk}(h)$

$ct(x)$

$\overline{ct}(hct, s, sd)$ $hct_s(x)$

$h(hct, s, sd)$:

1. $hct_f \leftarrow \text{hEval}(f, hct)$
2. $y + 2e = \text{LDec}(s, hct)$
3. $y + 2e + 2\text{PFG}(sd)$

- Privacy: $e + \text{PFG}(sd)$ hides e
- Simplicity: $f \succ h$
 $\text{LDec} \in \deg 2$
 $\text{hEval} > f$

Use Partially hiding FE (PHFE) *or Special HE Shweta's Talk!*

[AJS18]

[AR17, Agr18, LM18, JLS19]

FE for NC⁰

Deg-(O(1), 2)

PHFE

PHFE for Simplicity

[GVW12, GVW15, AJS18, LM18, JLS19]

$sk(f)$

$\bar{sk}(h)$

$ct(x)$

$\bar{ct}(hct, s, sd)$ $hct_s(x)$

- Public input $A = hct$

- Private Input $B = (s, sd)$

$h(hct, s, sd)$:

deg 0(1), Public

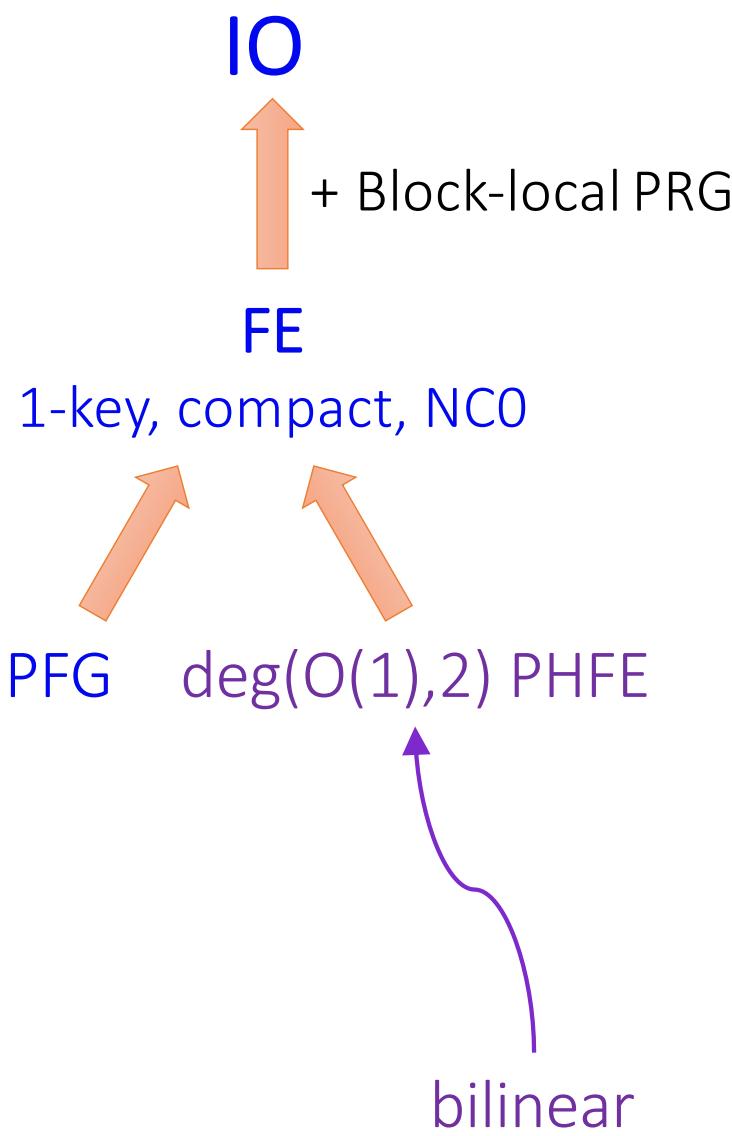
1. $hct_f \leftarrow \text{hEval}(f, hct)$
2. $y + 2e = \text{LDec}(s, hct)$
3. $y + 2e + 2\text{PFG}(sd)$

deg 2, Private

PHFE: FE for

$$h(A, B) = \text{priv}(\text{pub}(A), B)$$

Reveals output $y + 2e + 2\text{PFG}(sd)$
and public input $A = hct$



Open: FE for large outputs

Bilinear-based (PH)FE
computes g_T^{output}

⇒ **output = $y + 2e + 2\text{PFG}(sd)$**
must be small to be extracted

Weaken PFG

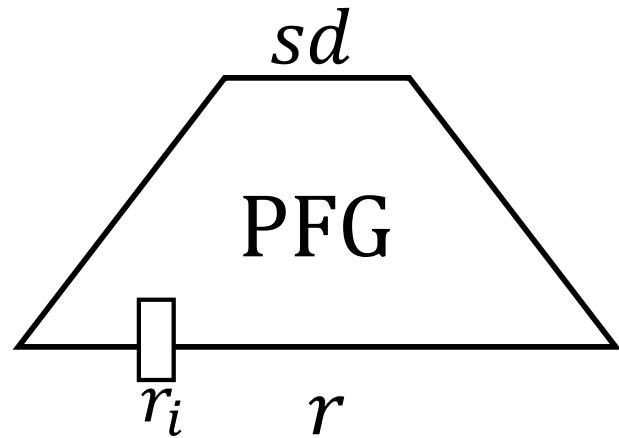


PFG:

$e + \text{PFG}(sd)$ hides e

⇒ **PFG(sd) must be large**

Small $\mathbf{PFG}(sd)$ CANNOT smudge e completely

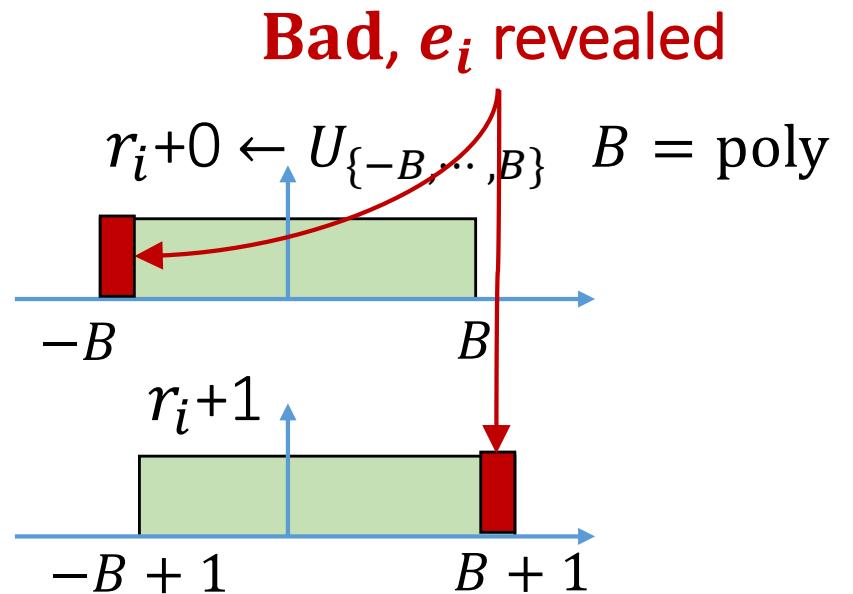


$$(r + e, e) \neq (r + e, e')$$

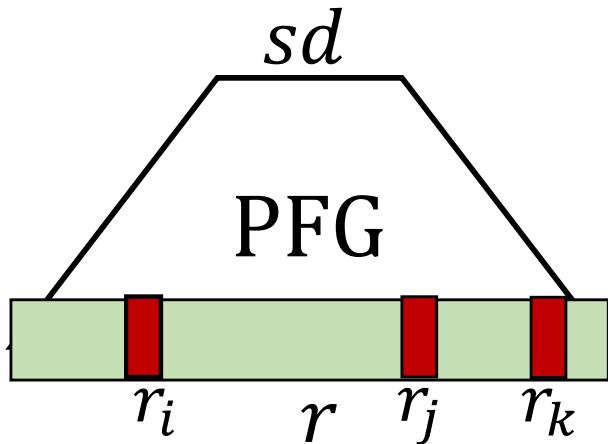
$\forall r_i \leftarrow \text{poly-bounded distribution}$

$$r_i \approx r_{i+1}$$

E.g. $e_i \in \{0,1\}$



Best Possible: Small PFG(sd) smudges e partially



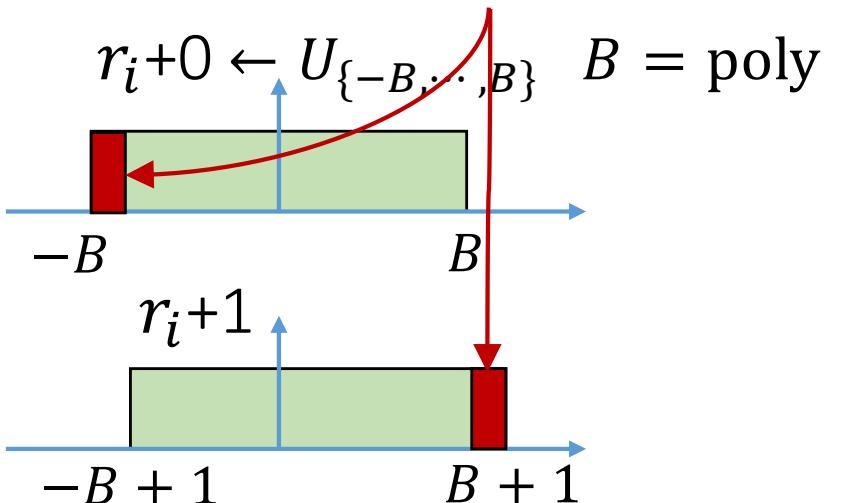
I , the set of bad coordinates

E.g. r_i independent

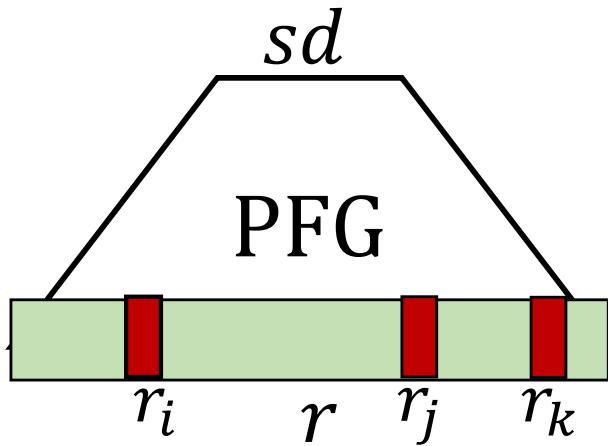
Given $e + r$, e_I hidden
 e_I revealed

Hope: $\neg \text{Bad}$, e_i hidden

Bad, e_i revealed



PFG



I , the set of bad coordinates

Degree 2 over Z_p

Small output r (poly-bounded)

Weak pseudo-randomness

$r \approx \gamma \leftarrow \Gamma$, flawed smudging

Γ is flawed-smudging: \forall small $e \leftarrow E$ (poly B -bounded)

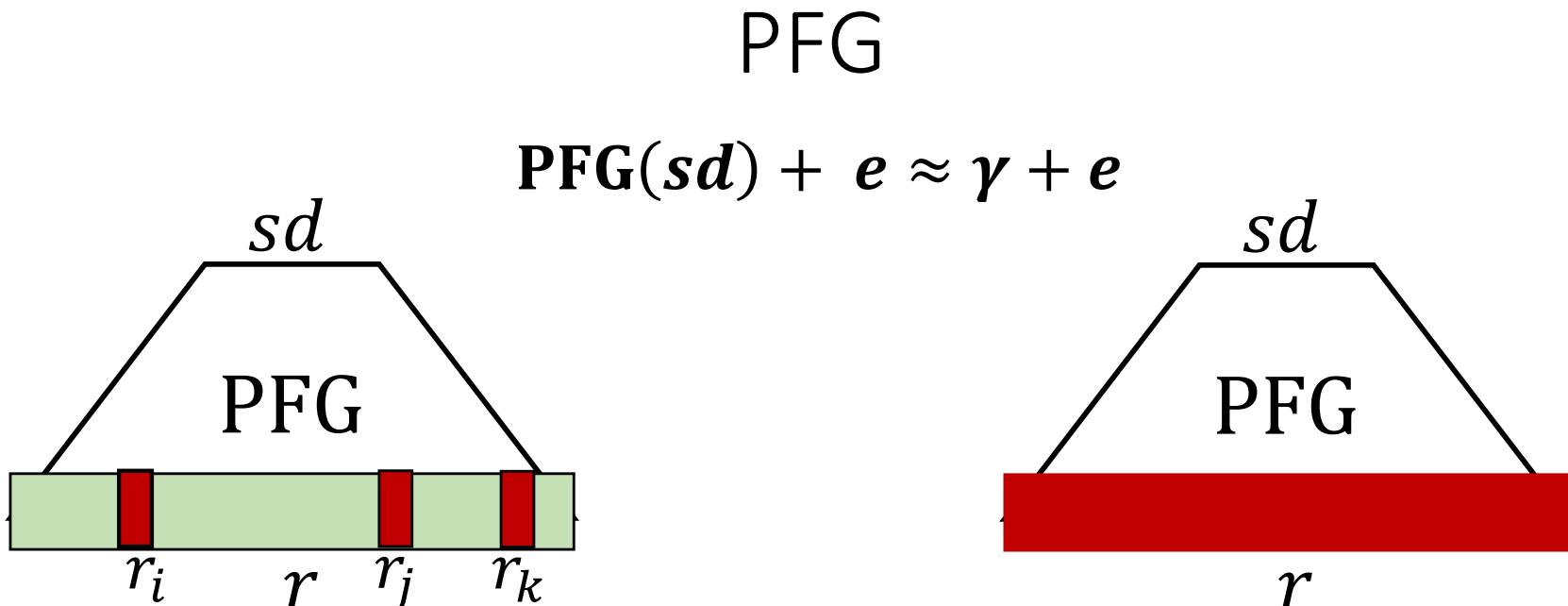
(Informal) $\gamma + e$ hides e at all-but-a-few coordinates

in good case with $1/q(\lambda)$ probability

(formal) $\exists I$ correlated with e, γ

$(e, \gamma + e, I) \cong (e', \gamma + e, I)$ $e' \leftarrow E \mid e_I = e'_I$

in good case with $1/q(\lambda)$ probability



I , the set of bad coordinates

Good with $1/q(\lambda)$ probability

e_I revealed & $e_{\bar{I}}$ hidden

Bad with $1 - 1/q(\lambda)$ probability

all bets off, e revealed

Strong PFG, $I = \emptyset$

nothing revealed & e hidden

all bets off, e revealed

Vq FE for NC^0	Deg-(O(1), 2) PH $\overline{\text{FE}}$	Use Strong PFG
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$sk(f)$

$\overline{sk}(h)$

$h(hct, s, sd)$:

1. $hct_f \leftarrow \text{hEval}(f, hct)$
2. $y + 2e = \text{LDec}(s, hct)$
3. $y + 2e + 2\text{PFG}(sd)$

$ct(x)$

$\overline{ct}(hct, s, sd)$ $hct_s(x)$

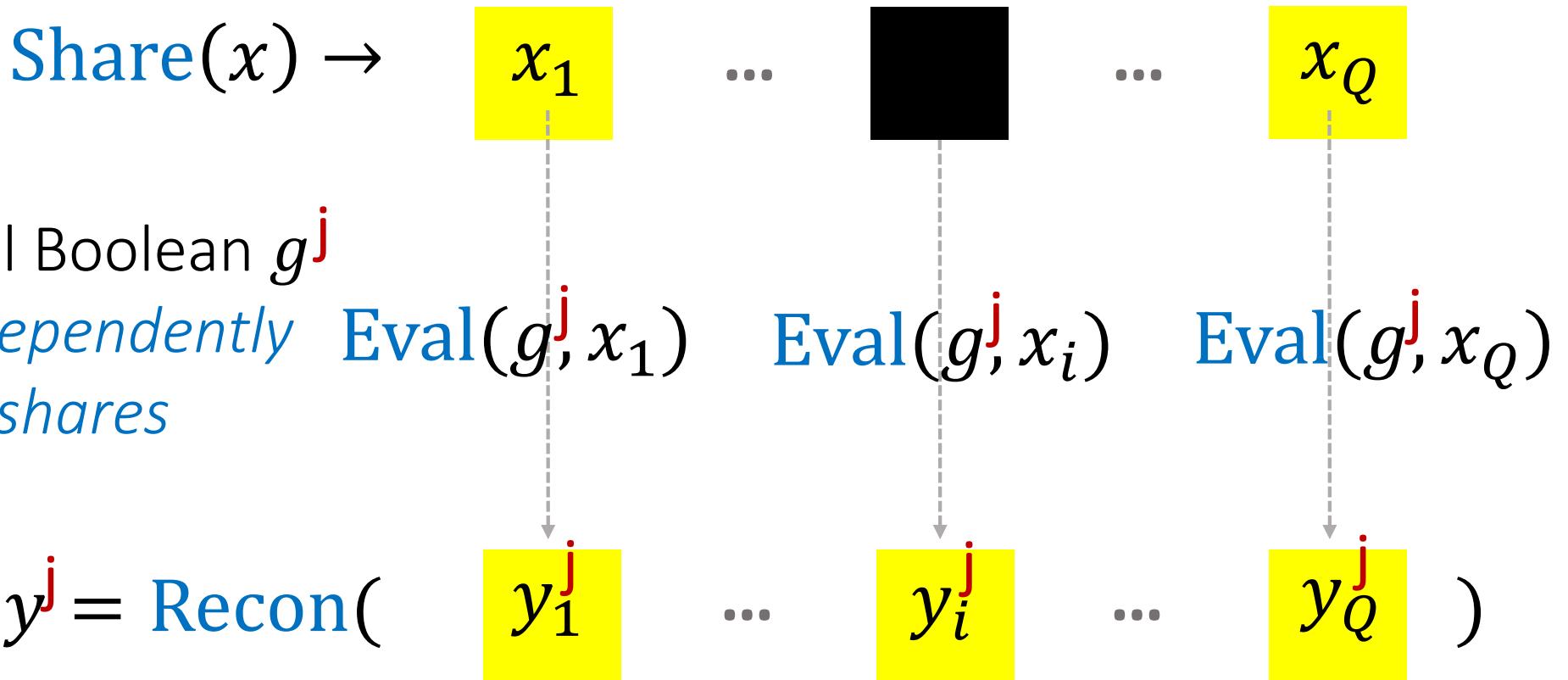
At decryption, only $y + 2e + 2\text{PFG}(sd)$ revealed

Strong PFG →

In good case w.p. $1/q(\lambda)$, FE secure, o.w., all bets off

Security Amplification

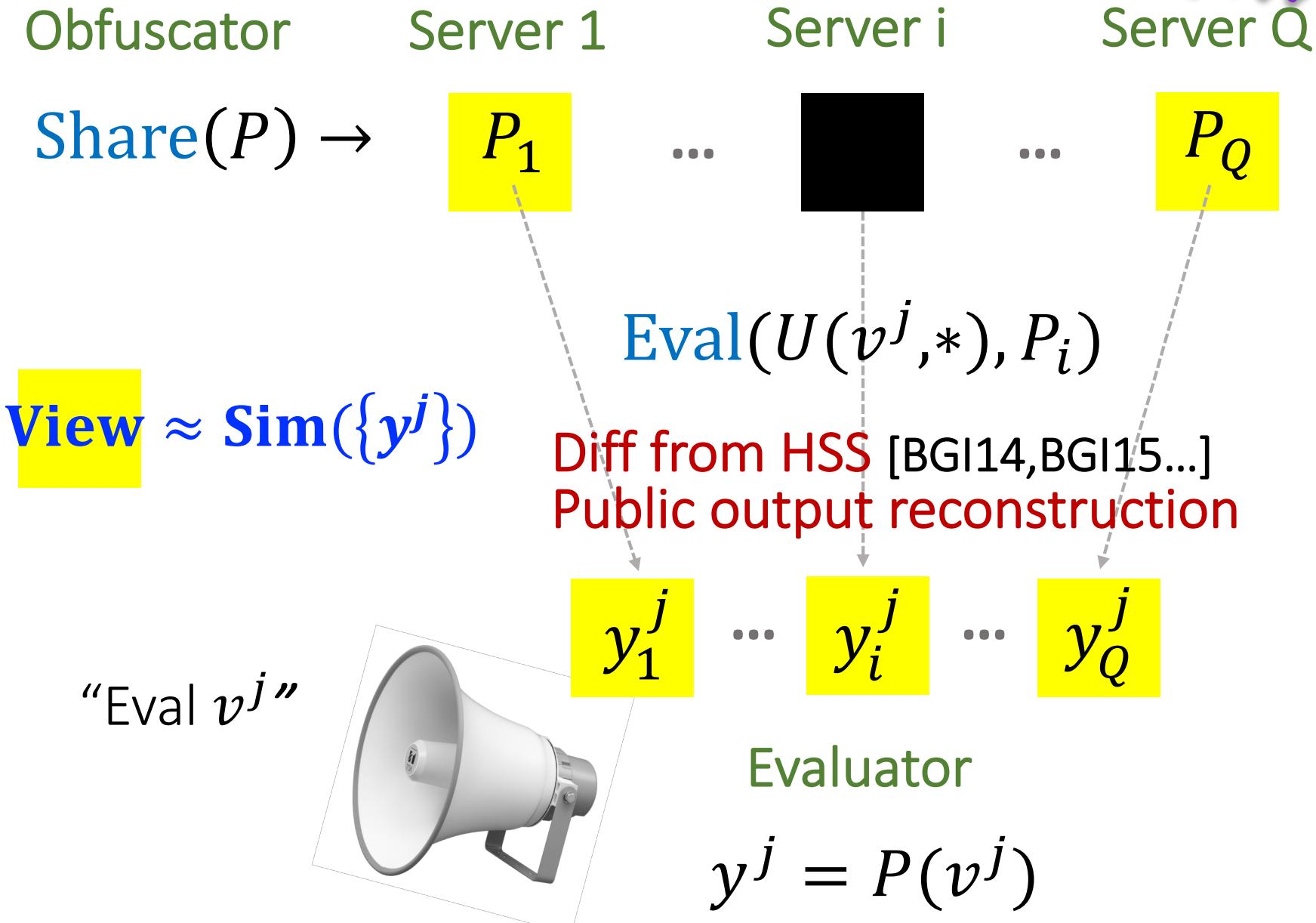
Secret Sharing VBB
Bit-Fixing Secret Sharing [LM18]



Efficiency: $|x_i| \sim |g^j|$, independent of # of computations

Security: If one input share hidden, only $\{y^j\}$ revealed

Secret Sharing VBB



Secret Sharing VBB

Server 1 Server i Server Q



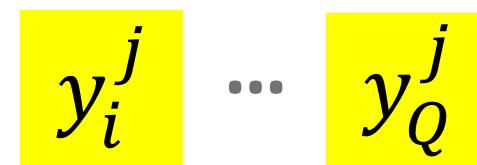
SS-VBB \sim 2-mesg MPC w/
reusable 1st mesg

← Multikey FHE ← LWE
[AJLTVW12, MW16, CM15, BP16, PS16]

← Bilinear map [BL19]

Evaluator

$$j = P(v^j)$$



Security Amplification

FE'

$\frac{1}{q}$ FE for P $\xleftarrow{\text{bootstrap}}$ $\frac{1}{q}$ FE for NC⁰

$Q \gg q$, w.h.p. some instance i is secure

$sk'(f)$:

$sk_1(g)$

$sk_i(g)$

$sk_Q(g)$

$g = \text{Eval}(f, *)$

$ct'(x)$:

$ct_1(x_1)$

ct_i 

$ct_Q(x_Q)$

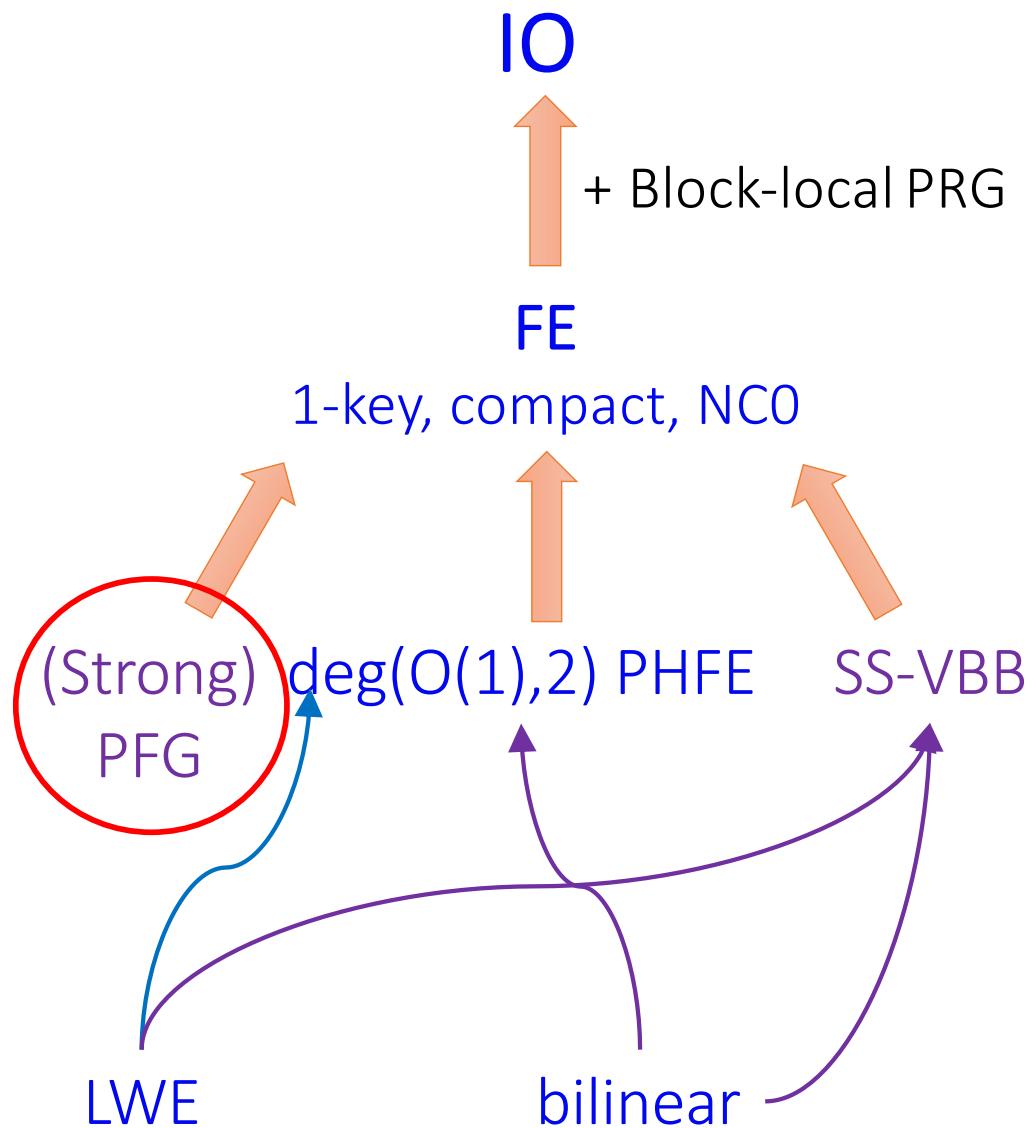
By SS-VBB,
 x hidden

$y = \text{Recon}(\ {y_1}\)$

$\{y_i\}$

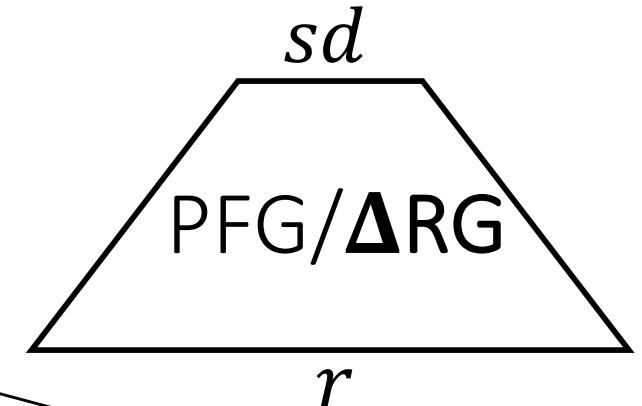
$\{y_Q\} \)$

(sk_i, ct_i) an
independent instance



Candidates
Comparison w/ ΔRG

Want: Candidate deg 2 poly over Z_p
w/ small flawed-smudging outputs



Random deg 2 multivariate poly

$$r_l = g_l(x, y) = \sum c_{i_1 i_2} x_{i_1} y_{i_2}$$

degenerate to over Z

with **small** coefficients and inputs e.g., small Gaussian

Random deg 3 multivariate poly

$$r_l = g_l(x, y, z) = \sum c_{i_1 i_2 i_3} x_{i_1} y_{i_2} z_{i_3} \quad \text{over } Z$$

The AJS18 Idea

Random deg-3 multivariate polynomial

$$\mathbf{r}_l = \mathbf{g}_l(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{z}) = \sum c_{i_1 i_2 i_3} x_{i_1} y_{i_2} z_{i_3} \quad \text{over } \mathbb{Z}$$

with small coefficients and inputs, e.g., small Gaussian

2-linear Map?

Hide y, z using 2-linear map, hide x as LWE noise

$$\mathbf{C} = \mathbf{A}, \mathbf{A}s' + \mathbf{x}, \quad \mathbf{Cs} = \mathbf{x} \quad \text{for } s = (-s', 1)$$

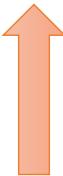
$$g(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{z}) = g(\mathbf{Cs}, \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{z}) = h(\mathbf{C}, \underbrace{\mathbf{y} \otimes s}_{\text{Public seed}}, \mathbf{z})$$

Non-Degenerative
Private seed

Computable by deg (1,2)-PHFE

Hardness Assumptions [AJS18, JLMS19]

Given $C = A, As' + x$, $g(x, y, z) + e$ hides e partially

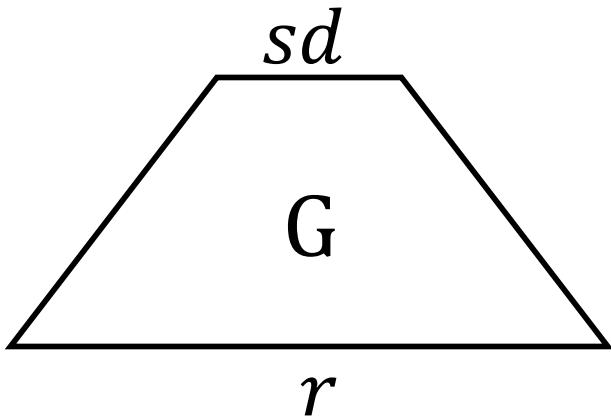


1. $g(x, y, z) + e$ hides e partially
2. LWE Leakage Assumption

$$\begin{aligned} & C = A, As' + x, \quad g(x, y, z) \\ \approx & C = A, As' + x', \quad g(x, y, z) \end{aligned}$$

Naturally Generalize to Constant Degree g

Strong PFG v.s. ΔRG



Degree 2 over Z_p

r small

r smudges LWE noises partially

Strong PFG

$$\mathbf{r} \approx \boldsymbol{\gamma} \leftarrow \Gamma$$

$$(\mathbf{e}, \mathbf{e} + \boldsymbol{\gamma}) \cong (\mathbf{e}', \mathbf{e} + \boldsymbol{\gamma})$$

$$\text{where } \mathbf{e}' \leftarrow \mathbf{E}$$

with probability $1/\text{poly}$

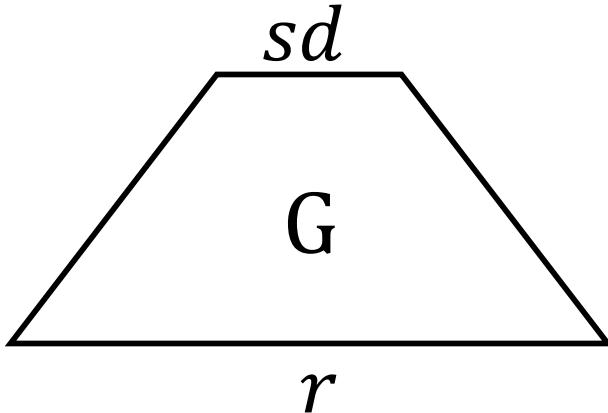
ΔRG

$$(\mathbf{e}, \mathbf{e} + \mathbf{r}) \approx_{Adv t} (\mathbf{e}', \mathbf{e} + \mathbf{r})$$

$$\text{where } \mathbf{e}' \leftarrow \mathbf{E}$$

advantage $Adv t < 1 - 1/\text{poly}$

PFG v.s. ΔRG



Degree 2 over Z_p

r small

r smudges LWE noises partially

PFG

$$\mathbf{r} \approx \boldsymbol{\gamma} \leftarrow \Gamma$$

$$(\mathbf{e}, \mathbf{e} + \boldsymbol{\gamma}, I) \cong (\mathbf{e}', \mathbf{e} + \boldsymbol{\gamma}, I)$$

$$\text{where } \mathbf{e}' \leftarrow \mathbf{E} \mid \mathbf{e}'_I = \mathbf{e}_I$$

with probability $1/\text{poly}$

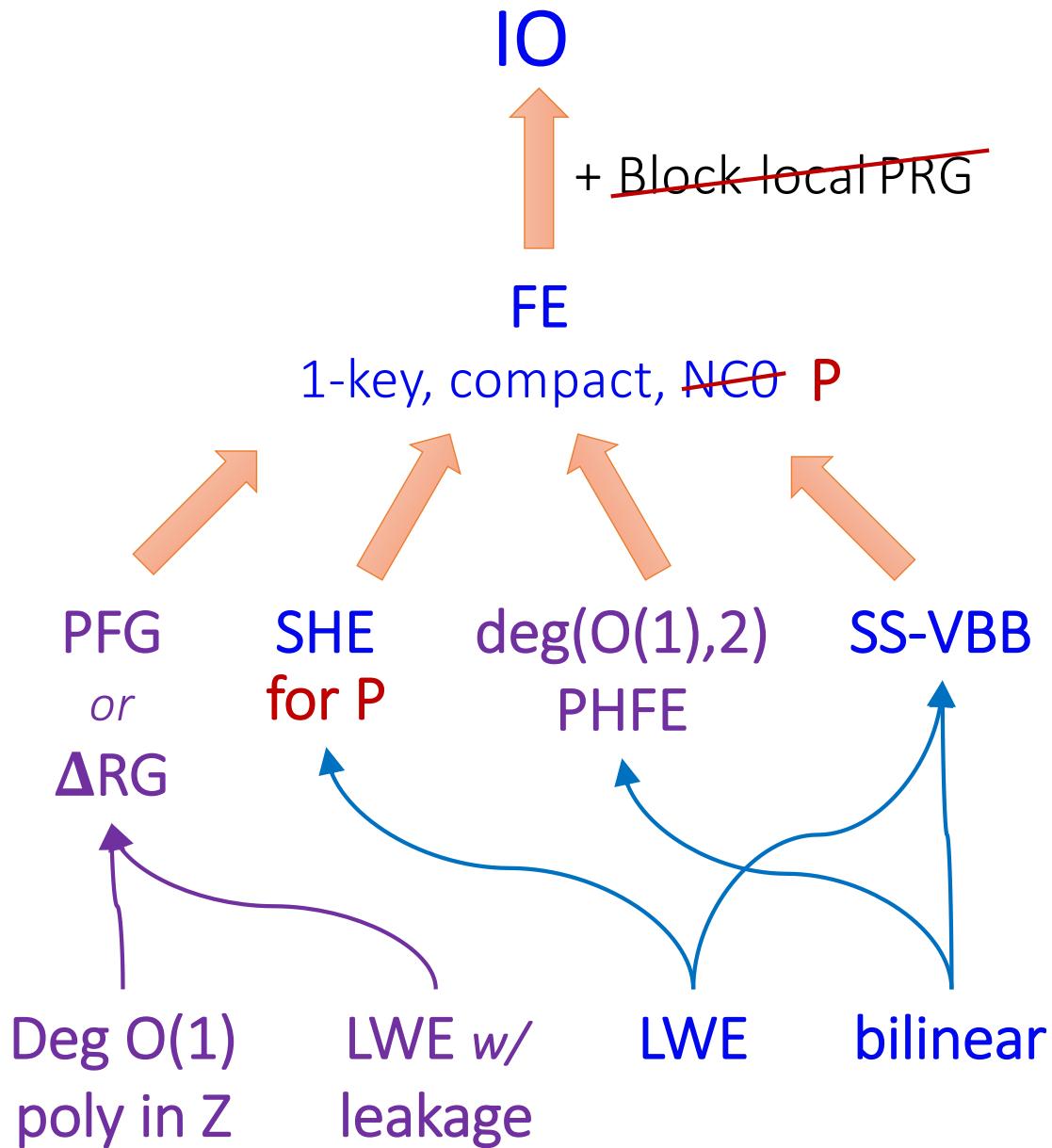
ΔRG

$$(\mathbf{e}, \mathbf{e} + \mathbf{r}) \approx_{Adv} (\mathbf{e}', \mathbf{e} + \mathbf{r})$$

$$\text{where } \mathbf{e}' \leftarrow \mathbf{E}$$

advantage $Adv < 1 - 1/\text{poly}$

Different Security Amplification



PHFE for

- deg (1,2) [AJS18, LM18]
- deg ($O(1)$,2) [JLMS19]
- (NC^1 , deg 2) [JLS19]

SS-VBB

- from MKFHE [LM18]
- from bilinear map [BL19]

SHE for

- deg $O(1)$ [BV12]
- NC^1 from RLWE [AR17]
- for P [JLS19] from LWE
inspired by [GVW15]

Thank you!

Questions?

Answers may be obfuscated